AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.116 Attorney Docket No.: Q77246

Application No.: 10/725,433

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS** 

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended): An audio data encoding apparatus comprising:

a time-to-frequency converting unit that receives a time domain audio signal and converts

the time domain audio signal to a frequency domain audio signal;

a spectral processor that receives the frequency domain audio signal and performs

spectral processing on the frequency domain audio signal according to an audio encoding format;

a masking threshold calculator that receives the frequency domain audio signal,

calculates an energy level for each frequency band of the frequency domain audio signal,

approximates an energy distribution curve to a distribution pattern of noise threshold levels

calculated by a psychoacoustic model, the energy distribution curve connecting the calculated

energy levels, and calculates a scalefactor band gain for each frequency band; and

a quantization noise curve adjuster that adjusts a common gain to meet a target bit rate

and matches a quantization noise curve to the approximated energy distribution curve while

fixing the scalefactor band gain for each frequency band,

wherein the masking threshold calculator comprises:

an energy distribution curve calculator that performs Modified Discrete Cosine

Transform (MDCT) on the frequency domain audio signal to calculate the energy level for each

frequency band;

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a quantization noise curve pattern estimator that adjusts quantization noise distribution by

relatively adjusting a gain for each frequency band based on the calculated energy distribution

curve; and

a bit adjustment initial value setter that determines the scalefactor band gain in such a

way as to use more bits than the target bit rate.

2. (original): The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the time-to-frequency converting

unit performs Modified Discrete Cosine Transform (MDCT) on the input time domain signal.

3. (original): The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the spectral processor performs

Temporal Noise Shaping (TNS), Long Term Prediction (LTP), or Perceptual Noise Substitution

(PNS) according to an audio encoding format.

4. (canceled).

5. (original): The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the quantization noise curve adjuster

compares the number of bits available for a given bit rate with the number of bits used, and if the

number of bits used is smaller than the number of bits available, performs encoding using the

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number of bits available, or, if the number of bits used is not smaller than the number of bits

available, repeats matching of the quantization noise curve.

6. (canceled).

7. (currently amended): An audio data encoding method comprising:

(a) receiving a time domain audio signal and converting the time domain audio signal to a

frequency domain signal;

(b) performing spectral processing on the frequency domain signal according to an audio

encoding format;

(c) receiving the frequency domain signal, calculating an energy level for each frequency

band of the frequency domain signal, approximating an energy distribution curve to a

distribution pattern of noise threshold levels calculated by a psychoacoustic model, the energy

distribution curve connecting the calculated energy levels, and calculating a scalefactor band

gain for each frequency band; and

(d) adjusting a common gain to meet a target bit rate and matching a quantization noise

curve to the approximated energy distribution curve while fixing the scalefactor band gain for

each frequency band

wherein the step (c) comprises the steps of:

(c1) calculating the energy level for each frequency band with the frequency domain

signal;

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(c2) approximating the energy level for each frequency band;

(c3) estimating the pattern of a quantization noise distribution curve using a distribution

pattern of the approximated energy levels; and

(c4) determining an initial value for bit adjustment in order to match the quantization

noise distribution curve to the energy level for each frequency band according to a target bit rate

and calculating a scalefactor band gain for each frequency band,

wherein in (c2), if a signal in one of adjacent frequency bands has an energy level greater

than that of a signal in a particular frequency band, the energy level of the signal in the particular

band is increased by a predetermined ratio with respect to a difference with the greater energy

level in the adjacent frequency band.

8-9. (canceled).

10. (currently amended): The method of elaim 8claim 7, wherein in (c3), a signal

having a largest energy level is found among signals in all frequency bands, a gain for each

frequency band is determined according to a difference between the largest energy level and an

energy level of a signal in each frequency band, and the quantization noise distribution for each

frequency band is approximated in the form of a noise threshold.

11-13. (canceled).